#  <br> WORKFORCE REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2020 

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## OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, AND METHODOLOGY

The objective of this report is to provide a comprehensive profile of the Executive Branch Workforce Demographics for the State of Delaware. It contains information about employee demographics, talent acquisition, turnover, retirement eligibility, benefits, and compensation.

## SCOPE

Data in this report covers the period of Fiscal Year 2020 (July 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020). The report includes Executive Branch Merit and Non-Merit employee demographic data. Non-Merit employees consist of civilian and uniformed Delaware State Police (DSP), Department of Technology and Information (DTI), elected and appointed officials, 10 -month and 12-month Department of Education employees, and Delaware National Guard employees. Although casual seasonal and board members are considered NonMerit, data for this group is not included unless specified. The report does not include data for school districts, charter schools, higher education employees, National Guard emergency workers, Legislative Branch or Judicial Branch employees.

## METHODOLOGY

Data for Fiscal Year 2020 regarding retirement projections, turnover assessments, and other analyses included in this report were gathered using the State's Payroll Human Resource Statewide Technology (PHRST). Other information presented in this report was obtained from material gathered and/or published by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), Office of Pensions, Delaware Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, and U.S. Census Bureau. Data may not total 100 percent in selected graphs due to rounding, missing data due, or to data input errors.

The following Executive Branch Agencies are included in this report: Agriculture, Correction, Education, Finance, Health \& Social Services, Delaware State Housing, Human Resources, Labor, Office of Management \& Budget, National Guard, Natural Resources \& Environmental Control, Safety \& Homeland Security, Services for Children Youth \& Their Families, State, Technology \& Information, Transportation, Governor's Office, Lieutenant Governor's Office as well as other elected and appointed offices including the Attorney General's Office, Auditor's Office, Commissioner of Elections, Department of Insurance, Office of the State Treasurer, Governor's Advisory Council on Exceptional Citizens, Criminal Justice, Office of Defense Services, Delaware Justice Information System, and the Fire group including Fire School, Fire Marshall, and Fire Commission.


This report was prepared to summarize the State of Delaware Executive Branch workforce as of June 30, 2020.

- Over 13,900 employees work in the Executive Branch
- Full-time employees, defined as working over 30 hours per week, is 13,892 and there are 12 part-time employees in the Executive Branch
- The average age of State employees is 46 years old
- The average annual salary is $\$ 48,166.07$
- The average length of service is 11 years, 4 months

Fast Facts

| 13,905 | Employees |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2,303 | Casual Seasonals |
| 395 | Board Members |
| 360 | Retired Employees |
| $\mathbf{8 0 0}$ | New Hires |
| 1,690 | Promotions |

## 1,013 Transfers

## NUMBER OF STATE EMPLOYEES

As of June 30, 2020, there were 13,905 employees classified as Merit, non-Merit, and exempt. The table on the following page shows the distribution of Executive Branch Merit and Non-Merit employees by agency/department as of June 30, 2020. The NonMerit number of employees in this chart does not include casual/seasonal employees, commission, or board members.

The largest agencies, Health and Social Services, Correction, Transportation, Safety and Homeland Security, and Services for Children, Youth and Their Families, account for $70.6 \%$ of all Executive Branch employees. Health and Social Services has the single largest concentration of employees (23.8\%). Elected and Appointed Offices account for 6.1\% of Executive Branch employees. (See table for Agency totals on the following page.)

## NUMBER OF STATE EMPLOYEES (CONTINUED)

Total Employees by Agency

| Agency | Merit |  | Non-Merit |  | Total \# Employees |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# Employees | \% | \# Employees | \% |  |
| Agiciclure | 110 | 83\% | 23 | 17\% | 133 |
| Auditor of Accounts | 20 | 83\% | 4 | 17\% | 24 |
| Comm. of Elections | 31 | 82\% | 7 | 18\% | 38 |
| Corrections | 2,402 | 99\% | 32 | 1\% | 2,434 |
| Criminal Justice | 39 | 93\% | 3 | 7\% | 42 |
| Department of Justice | 0 | 0\% | 441 | 100\% | 441 |
| Education | 0 | 0\% | 248 | 100\% | 248 |
| Finance | 247 | 93\% | 18 | 7\% | 265 |
| Fire School, Commission, Marshall | 69 | 97\% | 2 | 3\% | 71 |
| Governor's Office | 0 | 0\% | 23 | 100\% | 23 |
| Gov.'s Adv. Council for Exceptional Citizens | 0 | 0\% | 3 | 100\% | 3 |
| Health and Social Services | 3,207 | 97\% | 96 | 3\% | 3,303 |
| Human Resources | 202 | 85\% | 36 | 15\% | 238 |
| Insurance Commissioner | 82 | 91\% | 8 | 9\% | 90 |
| Labor | 331 | 93\% | 24 | 7\% | 355 |
| L. Governor's Office | 0 | 0\% | 6 | 100\% | 6 |
| National Guard | 0 | 0\% | 11 | 100\% | 119 |
| Natural Resources and Environmental Control | 660 | 97\% | 18 | 3\% | 678 |
| Office of Defense Services | 0 | 0\% | 154 | 100\% | 154 |
| Office of Management and Budget | 262 | 91\% | 26 | 9\% | 288 |
| Safety and Homeland Security | 239 | 19\% | 987 | 81\% | 1,126 |
| Services for Children, Youth and Their Families | 1,173 | 98\% | 22 | 2\% | 1,195 |
| State | 484 | 88\% | 67 | 12\% | 551 |
| State Housing Authority | 3 | 75\% | 1 | 25\% | 4 |
| Technology and Information | 9 | 3\% | 278 | 97\% | 287 |
| Transportation | 1,640 | 99\% | 7 | 24\% | 1,664 |
| Treasuere's Office | 18 | 72\% | 7 | 28\% | 25 |
| Totols | 11,228 | 81\% | 2,677 | 19\% | 13,905 |



## EMPLOYEES BY COUNTY OF WORK LOCATION

The State of Delaware, the second smallest state, is only 100 miles long and 30 miles wide and consists of 2,489 square miles. The State of Delaware has government offices in all three counties of the state with the largest number of employees working in New Castle County. Note that work location is not reported for all employees.



In the State Executive Branch, women represent 52\% of the workforce in Fiscal Year 2020. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates that women represent 53\% of the civilian workforce in Delaware based on the 2020 data.

The Department of Human Resources has the highest percentage of women (87.8\%) and the Delaware National Guard the highest percentage of men (81.7\%) among agencies with over 50 employees. The Department of Health and Social Services employs the largest number of women $(2,755)$ and the Department of Transportation the largest number of men $(1,356)$. The table below compares the number of women and men to total agency population.

| Department | \% Women | \% Men |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture | 51.7\% | 48.3\% |
| Correction | 31.5\% | 68.5\% |
| Department of Justice | 66.3\% | 33.7\% |
| Education | 66.2\% | 33.8\% |
| Finance | 66.9\% | 33.1\% |
| Fire School, Commission, Marshall | 16.4\% | 83.6\% |
| Health and Social Services | 74.4\% | 25.6\% |
| Human Resources | 87.8\% | 12.2\% |
| Labor | 71.5\% | 28.5\% |
| Natural Resources and Environmental Control | 42.1\% | 57.9\% |
| Office of Defense Services | 58.3\% | 41.7\% |
| Office of Management and Budget | 48.8\% | 51.2\% |
| Safety and Homeland Security | 29.2\% | 70.8\% |
| Services for Children, Youth and Their Families | 70.4\% | 29.6\% |
| State | 66.5\% | 33.5\% |
| Technology and Information | 33.7\% | 66.3\% |
| Transportation | 33.4\% | 66.6\% |
| Insurance Commissioner | 70.8\% | 29.2\% |
| Criminal Justice | 60.0\% | 40.0\% |
| Comm of Elections | 66.7\% | 33.3\% |
| National Guard | 18.3\% | 81.7\% |
| State Housing Authority | 50.0\% | 50.0\% |
| Treasurer's Office | 63.0\% | 37.0\% |
| Gov's Adv Council for Exceptional Citizens | 100.0\% | 0.0\% |
| Governor's Office | 80.8\% | 19.2\% |
| Lt. Governor's Office | 50.0\% | 50.0\% |
| Auditor of Accounts | 63.0\% | 37.0\% |
| AVERAGE | 52\% | 48\% |

## GENDER AND AGE (CONTINUED)

The average age of State employees is 46 years old. The pie chart illustrates the percentage of State employees by age group. Just under half ( $49 \%$ ) of the workforce is between ages 40-59, 21\% are 3039 years, $16 \%$ are 60 years and over, and the remaining $14 \%$ are $17-29$-year-old employees. There is no difference in the average age between Merit and Non-Merit employees.

State Employees by Ages Groups


## LABOR UNIONS

As of June 30, 2020, 6,969 or 43\% of Executive Branch employees are covered by one of the 53 collective bargaining units. The number of union members includes casual seasonal employees in union-covered positions. The graph below shows the Department of Correction (32\%) with the largest number of employees covered by a bargaining unit followed by the Department of Health and Social Services (21.9\%).

Employee's Covered by Collective Bargaining


## JOB CLASSIFICATIONS

Positions in the State are identified using job titles and grouped into classifications. The charts below include data for full-time ( 30 hours per week or more) and excludes casual/seasonal employees, board members, and commissioners.

The job title with the largest number of employees is "Correctional Officer" and "Correctional Corporal" in the Department of Correction followed by "Senior/Social Worker Case Manager" in Health and Social Services, Department of State and Service for Children, Youth and Their Families. And Certified Nursing Assistant in Health and Social Services and Department of State/Veterans Home.

Job Classes with the Highest Number of Merit Employees


## JOB CLASSIFICATIONS (CONTINUED)

In the chart below, the job title with the largest number of Non-Merit employees is "Master Corporal and below" with the Delaware State Police and "Deputy Attorney General V" with the Department of Justice. This data does not include casual seasonal employees or board/commission members.

Job Classes with the Highest Number of Non-Merit Employees


Under Public Law 88-352, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended by the Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972, all State and local governments that have 15 or more employees are required to keep records and provide EEO-4 reports to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission. The EEO4 reporting structure includes job categories to group employees with comparable job responsibilities located at comparable levels of responsibility within an organization.

The EEO-4 Job categories consist of nine groupings. The figures below show the number of Merit employees in each of the EEO-4 job categories. The largest number of Merit employees are in the Professional category (38\%). Women make up the majority (68.7\%) of the employees in this category. This data does not include board members, casual seasonal positions because job titles can vary across agencies or Department of Education employees because school systems and educational institutions are covered by other employment reports and are excluded from EEO-4.

Merit Employees by EEO-4 Job Categories


EEO-4 Job Categories by Gender for Merit Employees


Minority representation in the Executive Branch was 35.5\%. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates a $29 \%$ minority representation in the civilian workforce in Delaware.

State employees self-identify their race/ethnicity in Employee Self Service. According to the United State Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (USEEOC), "the minimum combined format for the racial/ ethnic categories are: White; Black or African American; Hispanic or Latino; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian; and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander. Since the revisions to the standards for race and ethnicity was published, an additional category of 'Balance' has been widely used rather than previous 'Other' category." The state of Delaware uses the category of "multi-race" defined as persons who identify with two or more races.

Race of State Employees


## MINORITIES (CONTINUED)

For Fiscal Year 2020, minority representation in the Executive Branch was $35.5 \%$. The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates a $29 \%$ minority representation in the civilian workforce in Delaware based upon the 2019 Civilian Labor Force published in the Employment status of the civilian noninstitutional population in states by sex, race, Hispanic or Latino ethnicity, marital status, and detailed age table.

EEO-4 Job Categories by Race of State Employees


The data in the table above does not include casual/seasonal employees, board members, or Department of Education (DOE) employees. DOE reports using a different set of criteria required of educational institutions.

## MINORITIES (CONTINUED)

The tables below and on the following page represent the race of Merit and Non-Merit Executive Branch employees by agency as of June 30, 2020. The data excludes Casual/Seasonal employees and board members.

Race of Merit Executive Branch Employees

|  | American Indian/Alaska Native |  | Asian |  | Black |  | Hispanic |  | White |  | Multi-Race |  | Native Hawaiian/ Other Pacific Islander |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| Agriculture | 1 | 0.9\% | 1 | 0.9\% | 9 | 8.2\% | 1 | 0.9\% | 97 | 88.2\% | 1 | 0.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Auditor of Accounts | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 5.0\% | 6 | 30.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 13 | 65.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Comm of Elections | 0 | 0.0\% | 2 | 6.5\% | 3 | 9.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 25 | 80.6\% | 1 | 3.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Correction | 10 | 0.4\% | 25 | 1.0\% | 784 | 32.6\% | 122 | 5.1\% | 1,396 | 58.1\% | 62 | 2.6\% | 3 | 0.1\% |
| Criminal Justice | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 5 | 12.8\% | 4 | 10.3\% | 30 | 76.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Finance | 0 | 0.0\% | 11 | 4.5\% | 78 | 31.6\% | 16 | 6.5\% | 138 | 55.9\% | 4 | 1.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Fire School, Commission, Marshall | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 2 | 2.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 67 | 97.1\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Health and Social Services | 12 | 0.4\% | 107 | 3.3\% | 1,312 | 40.9\% | 153 | 4.8\% | 1,550 | 48.3\% | 73 | 2.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Human Resources | 1 | 0.5\% | 7 | 3.5\% | 66 | 32.7\% | 5 | 2.5\% | 120 | 59.4\% | 3 | 1.5 | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Insurance Commissioner | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 1.2\% | 18 | 22.0\% | 2 | 2.4\% | 58 | 70.7\% | 3 | 3.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Labor | 0 | 0.0\% | 7 | 2.1\% | 127 | 38.4\% | 23 | 6.9\% | 168 | 50.8\% | 6 | 1.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Natural Resources and Environmental Control | 2 | 0.3\% | 14 | 2.1\% | 38 | 5.8\% | 11 | 1.7\% | 584 | 88.5\% | 11 | 1.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Office of Management and Budget | 1 | 0.4\% | 1 | 0.4\% | 51 | 19.5\% | 4 | 1.5\% | 198 | 75.6\% | 7 | 2.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Services for Children, Youth, and their Families | 2 | 0.2\% | 15 | 1.3\% | 524 | 44.7\% | 44 | 3.8\% | 566 | 48.3\% | 20 | 1.7\% | 2 | 0.2\% |
| State | 2 | 0.4\% | 12 | 2.5\% | 119 | 24.6\% | 17 | 3.5\% | 320 | 66.1\% | 14 | 2.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| State Housing Authority | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 33.3\% | 1 | 33.3\% | 1 | 33.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Technology Information | 0 | 0.0\% | 2 | 2.22\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 11.1\% | 6 | 66.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Transportation | 11 | 0.7\% | 32 | 2.0\% | 218 | 13.3\% | 80 | 4.9\% | 1,277 | 77.9\% | 21 | 1.3\% | 1 | 0.1\% |
| Treasurer's Office | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 6 | 33.3\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 12 | 66.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Total | 43 | 0.4\% | 242 | 2.2\% | 3,407 | 30.3\% | 494 | 4.4\% | 6,806 | 60.6\% | 230 | 2.0\% | 6 | 0.1\% |

Race of Non-Merit Executive Branch Employees

|  | American Indian/Alaska Native |  | Asian |  | Black |  | Hispanic |  | White |  | Multi-Race |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% | \# | \% |
| Agriculture | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 22 | 95.7\% | 1 | 4.3\% |
| Correction | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 7 | 21.9\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 25 | 78.1\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Criminal Justice | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 3 | 100.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Education | 1 | 0.4\% | 5 | 2.0\% | 38 | 15.3\% | 9 | 3.6\% | 195 | 78.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Finance | 1 | 5.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 5.6\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 15 | 83.3\% | 1 | 5.6\% |
| Health and Social Services | 1 | 1.0\% | 12 | 12.5\% | 21 | 21.9\% | 4 | 4.2\% | 56 | 58.3\% | 2 | 2.1\% |
| Human Resources | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 8 | 22.2\% | 2 | 5.6\% | 26 | 72.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Insurance Commissioner | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 2 | 25.0\% | 6 | 75.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Labor | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 7 | 29.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 17 | 70.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| National Guard | 1 | 0.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 4 | 22.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 14 | 77.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Natural Resources and Environmental Control | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 5 | 22.7\% | 1 | 4.5\% | 16 | 72.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Office of Management and Budget | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 3.8\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 25 | 96.2\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Safety and Homeland Security | 6 | 0.6\% | 12 | 1.2\% | 79 | 8.0\% | 32 | 3.2\% | 850 | 86.1\% | 8 | 0.8\% |
| Services for Children, Youth, and their Families | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 5 | 22.7\% | 1 | 4.5\% | 16 | 72.7\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| State | 0 | 0.0\% | 3 | 4.5\% | 7 | 10.4\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 57 | 85.1\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| State Housing Authority | 0 | 0.0\% | 1 | 100.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Technology Information | 0 | 0.0\% | 31 | 17.2\% | 55 | 19.8\% | 5 | 1.8\% | 182 | 65.5\% | 5 | 1.8\% |
| Transportation | 0 | 0.0\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 3 | 12.5\% | 0 | 0.0\% | 21 | 87.5\% | 0 | 0.0\% |
| Total | 10 | 0.5 | 64 | 3.2 | 253 | 12.5 | 62 | 3.1 | 1,622 | 79.9 | 19 | 0.9 |

## APPOINTMENT TYPES



Appointment Types for Fiscal Year 2020


There are several actions that can take place during an employee's career.

- "Hire" is the act of employing an individual to a Merit or Merit-Comparable position.
- "Transfer" is the movement of an employee from one position to a different position at the same pay grade.
- "Rehire" is the reemployment of an employee after leaving State service. A vacant position may be filled through a hire, transfer or rehire.
- "Promotion" is the movement of an employee into a position with a higher salary range. A promotion can be the result of a career ladder promotion or through a competitive hiring process. The chart below shows promotions by gender and minority and non-minority Merit employees. The Department of Correction has the highest number of promotions in Fiscal Year 2020.
- "Demotion" is the movement of an employee from one pay grade to another pay grade at a lower rate of pay.


## APPOINTMENT TYPES (CONTINUED)

In Fiscal Year 2020, there were 800 hires, 1,013 transfers, 266 rehires, 1,690 promotions, and 58 demotions. Internal movement for State Merit employees (promotions, demotions, and transfers) accounted for $72 \%$ of all appointments.

Merit Employee Promotions

| Woman - Minority | 116 | 20 | 90 | 4 | 12 | 3 | 4 |  | 61 | 4 | 20 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Woman - Non-Minority | 70 | 13 | 106 | 11 | 9 | 39 | 10 | 11 | 54 | 7 | 481 |
| Man - Minority | 201 | 3 | 18 |  | 1 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 27 | 2 | 33 |
| Man - Non-Minority | 372 | 8 | 36 |  | 9 | 44 | 6 | 11 | 11 | 7 | 163 |



## In Fiscal Year 2020, 58,419 individuals submitted applications for 2,714 job openings posted with the State of Delaware. Over 786 job openings had ten or fewer applicants based on data from the Delaware Employment Link (DEL) system.

The State tracks several talent acquisition metrics for many of the Executive Branch agencies that include time to recruit shown as requisition to post, close to referral list issued, and time to hire shown as time to fill. The average time to hire is 54 days ( $14 \%$ decrease from FY19) and the average time to fill is 75 days ( $13 \%$ decrease from FY19). This decrease is due in part to streamlining the processes related to posting and filling positions. The Department of human Resources' average time to fill is 54 days due to efforts in streaming the processes.

The average time from receiving a request to advertise a vacant position to the posting of the position is two days. The average time from the closing of a posted position to a referral list of viable candidates provided to the hiring manager is nine days.

To combat some hiring and retention challenges, several agencies provided incentives to attract applicants or retain talent for hard-to-fill positions such as Correctional Officers, Nurses, Family Service Specialists, Youth Rehabilitation Counselors, Treatment Specialists, Lifeguards, and a career ladder for Engineers.

Talent Acquisition and Hiring Process



## TURNOVER (CONTINUED)

The graph below shows, from lowest to highest, agencies experiencing the most employee separations representing the Merit workforce. There is a direct correlation between the agency's size and its number of separations. In Fiscal Year 2020, 246 Executive Branch Merit employees with five or more years of service left employment due to voluntary and involuntary resignations, job abandonment, or an unsatisfactory background check.

Merit Employee Separation by Agency


The graph below focuses on turnover for employees with five or less years of employment. For example, $42 \%$ of employees with five or less years of experience left their position within the first year of employment.

Turnover Rates for Merit Employees in the First Five Years of Employment


Over 4,700 full-time Merit and Non-Merit employees, working 30 or more hours per week, have five or less years of service across the Executive Branch as of June 30, 2020. The majority of employees (47\%) have between six and twenty years of service.

The data does not include casual/seasonal employees, board members or part-time employees. State employees retire on average after 24 years and 3 months of service. And, the majority of resignations and dismissals occur within the first five years of employment. State employees retire on average after 24 years and 3 months of service.

State Employee Years of Service


Average Years of Service by Turnover Category


Resignations


Dismissals


Retirements


Deaths

## RETIREMENT ELIGIBILITY AND BENEFITS

## State of Delaware employees, hired before January 1, 2012, are eligible to receive a service pension with any of the following combinations of years of service and age after five years of consecutive service:

- 30 years of credited service at any age
- 15 years of credited service at age 60
- 5 years of consecutive credited service at age 62

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2012 are eligible for a vested pension with 10 years of credited service at age 65 or 20 years of credited service at age 60 with five years of consecutive credited service.

Legislation passed in recent years enables employees in specific positions to retire with 25 years of pension creditable service without a reduction in pension payment. These employees pay an additional employee contribution rate of $2 \%$ and those that continue to work beyond 25 years of pension credited service will have a multiplier of $2.45 \%$ used for years in excess of 25 years. These employees must acquire at least 20 years of pension credited service within specific job codes. More information on the State Employees' Pension Plan.

Within the next five years, 4,513 employees ( $33 \%$ ) are projected to be eligible for retirement. This number includes employees eligible to retire with full and reduced pensions based on creditable service and age criteria. In Fiscal Year 2020, 360 employees retired. At the end of Fiscal Year 2020, 1,625 (12\%) employees in the Executive Branch were eligible to retire immediately. Projections are based on employee's age and length of creditable service as of June 30, 2020.

## Executive Branch Retirement Eligibility in the Next Five Years



## RETIREMENT ELIGIBILITY AND BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Upon retirement, State of Delaware retirees are provided a variety of benefits including health insurance, prescription coverage, vision, dental, and diabetes monitoring. Non-Medicare retirees also receive employee assistance and surgeon of excellence benefits.

Employees retiring with less than 20 years of service and first hired on or after July 1, 1991, receive health insurance; however, the state pays only a percentage of the state share of the cost of coverage upon retirement as indicated in the charts below.

Eligible pensioners hired by the State on or after July 1, 1991 through December 31, 2006 have the following percentages of the health insurance benefit paid by the state:

> Less than 10 years' service - $0 \%$ state share paid by the state 10 years to less than 15 years' service $-50 \%$ state share paid by the state 15 years to less than 20 years' service $-75 \%$ state share paid by the state 20 years or more service $-100 \%$ state share paid by the state

Eligible pensioners hired by the State on or after January 1, 2007, have the percentages of the health insurance benefit paid by the state:

> Less than 15 years' service - $0 \%$ state share paid by the state
> 15 years to less than 17.5 years' service $-50 \%$ state share paid by the state
> 17.5 years to less than 20 years' service $-75 \%$ state share paid by the state

> 20 years or more service $-100 \%$ state share paid by the state

There is an exception for those that receive a long-term disability pension from The Hartford.

The decision to retire is multifaceted and influenced by multiple factors that are difficult to predict. While age and length of service are strong predictors, the decision to retire is a complex mix of person-based antecedents (e.g., age, length of service, health, assets, expected retirement income, and the economy), as well as work factors (e.g., job satisfaction, work conditions, perceived organizational support, workplace peer/supervisor relations, occupational goal attainment).



The average base salary in Fiscal Year 2020 was $\$ 45,529.37$ for Merit employees working 30 or more hours per week and does not include casual/seasonal employees or paid board members.

This average salary does not include the cost of fringe benefits per employee. Positions have an established pay grade within a 26 pay grade system. Full-time employees work either a 37.5 or 40 -hour workweek. See Appendix A for 2020 Pay Tables. The average salary across all employees in the Executive Branch is \$48,166.07 an include Merit and Merit-comparable, and Non-Merit employees. Several factors contribute to the average annual salary including salary adjustment negotiated as part of the collective bargaining agreements, step advancements, classification actions, promotions, salaries negotiated for newly hired employees, and higher-paid employees retiring.

The data on following page shows pay grade for state employees in Merit and Non-Merit. Because not all positions have designated pay grades, the number of individuals does not add up to $100 \%$ of total number of employees.


Merit Employees by Pay Grade


Non-Merit Employees by Pay Grade


The following graph shows data pay grades by gender for Executive Branch Merit employees.
Merit Employees by Pay Grade



Additional program benefits offered to state employees include health, prescription, vision, dental, employee assistance, flexible spending account, pre-tax commuter, accident and critical illness insurance, life insurance, disability insurance, surgeons of excellence benefit, and diabetes management programs.


## HEALTH AND ENGAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The cost of health care is increasing and crowding out other expenses in the state budget. The figure below shows the projected growth of health care as of August 31, 2020.

## State Group Health Projections <br> Long-term cost projections of the GHIP (including impact of COVID-19)




Data for employees enrolled in the State of Delaware Group Health Insurance Plan for Fiscal Year 2020 was not available at the time this report was created; however in Fiscal Year 2019, the highest percentage of employees enrolled in a health plan is 45-64 years of age and has remained consistent since Fiscal Year 2017.

## Age and Gender Demographics

|  |  | State Average |  |  |  |  |  | State Agency Average |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FY17 |  | FY18 |  | FY19 |  | FY17 |  | FY18 |  | FY19 |  |
|  | Age | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F | M | F |
|  | 0-17 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 18-24 | 0.8\% | 1.1\% | 0.8\% | 1.0\% | 0.7\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 0.8\% | 1.2\% | 0.7\% | 1.2\% | 0.8\% |
|  | 25-44 | 15.9\% | 29.0\% | 15.8\% | 29.0\% | 16.0\% | 29.2\% | 19.7\% | 21.6\% | 19.7\% | 21.4\% | 20.3\% | 21.81\% |
|  | 45-64 | 17.3\% | 32.6\% | 17.5\% | 32.5\% | 17.3\% | 32.0\% | 22.5\% | 30.2\% | 22.3\% | 29.9\% | 22.1\% | 29.5\% |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\sim}{\omega} \\ & \frac{0}{\varepsilon} \\ & \frac{1}{\infty} \\ & \overline{=} \end{aligned}$ | 65+ | 1.5\% | 1.9\% | 1.5\% | 1.9\% | 1.6\% | 2.1\% | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 2.3\% | 2.0\% | 2.3\% |
|  | 0-17 | 14.5\% | 13.6\% | 14.5\% | 13.6\% | 14.5\% | 13.6\% | 13.4\% | 12.8\% | 13.5\% | 12.8\% | 13.5\% | 12.6\% |
|  | 18-24 | 6.3\% | 6.3\% | 6.2\% | 6.2\% | 6.3\% | 6.3\% | 6.6\% | 6.5\% | 6.4\% | 6.3\% | 6.6\% | 6.4\% |
|  | 25-44 | 10.6\% | 15.9\% | 10.5\% | 16.0\% | 10.5\% | 16.1\% | 11.2\% | 14.2\% | 11.2\% | 14.3\% | 11.4\% | 14.4\% |
|  | 45-64 | 12.9\% | 17.2\% | 12.9\% | 17.3\% | 12.7\% | 17.2\% | 14.2\% | 18.0\% | 14.2\% | 17.9\% | 14.0\% | 17.7\% |
|  | 65+ | 1.6\% | 1.1\% | 1.6\% | 1.2\% | 1.6\% | 1.3\% | 1.8\% | 1.4\% | 1.8\% | 1.5\% | 1.8\% | 1.5\% |

Telemedicine is a virtual service that allows health plan members to have an online video consultation with a doctor from any location. This service continues to be an important tool, especially during COVID. In Fiscal Year 2019, there was an increase in the number of employees using telemedicine. This number is expected to grow in Fiscal Year 2020.

| Telemedicine Utilization Rates (per 1,000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Desired Level <br> Red DenotesArea for Improvement | State Average |  |  | State Agency Average |  |  |  |
|  | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 |  |
| Employees | 1.7 | 5.5 | 9.4 | $\mathbf{1 . 9}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 2}$ |  |
| All Members | 0.9 | 3.7 | 5.5 | $\mathbf{1 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{4 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{6 . 3}$ |  |

## HEALTH AND ENGAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The top three most prevalent chronic conditions with respect to employees are hypertension, high cholesterol and diabetes. Over the past several years, the Statewide Benefits Office has implemented programs that include a Diabetes Prevention Program and Diabetes Management Program to address these health conditions.

| Condition Treatment Compliance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Desired Level Red Denotes Area for Improvement |  | State Average |  |  | State Agency Average |  |  |
|  |  | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 |
| Cholesterol Screening for Population with High Cholesterol | Employees | 52.6\% | 52.4\% | 55.0\% | 55.4\% | 54.9\% | 58.2\% |
|  | All Members | 50.2\% | 50.6\% | 53.1\% | 53.7\% | 53.9\% | 57.0\% |
| Cholesterol Screening for Population with Diabetes (Avg. number of tests per Diabetic) | Employees | 1.2\% | 1.1\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% | 1.2\% |
|  | All Members | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.1\% | 1.2\% |
| Alc Test for Population with Diabetes | Employees | 86.0\% | 86.0\% | 87.3\% | 86.0\% | 86.0\% | 88.9\% |
|  | All Members | 83.0\% | 84.0\% | 84.4\% | 84.0\% | 85.0\% | 86.5\% |

Behavioral Health Prevalence is the percentage of employees with a diagnosis of anxiety, depression or substance abuse. Enhanced services are available through the employee assistance program beginning January 1, 2021.

| Behavioral Health Prevalence |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Desired Level Red Denotes Area for Improvement |  | State Average |  |  | State Agency Average |  |  |
|  |  | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 |
| Anxiety | Employees | 6.1\% | 6.0\% | 7.0\% | 4.9\% | 5.6\% | 5.8\% |
|  | All Members | 5.1\% | 5.3\% | 5.8\% | 4.1\% | 4.6\% | 4.8\% |
| Depression | Employees | 8.3\% | 8.5\% | 8.9\% | 7.7\% | 8.2\% | 8.2\% |
|  | All Members | 7.1\% | 7.5\% | 7.7\% | 6.6\% | 6.7\% | 7.0\% |
| Substance Abuse | Employees | 1.4\% | 1.6\% | 1.3\% | 1.4\% | 1.2\% | 1.5\% |
|  | All Members | 1.2\% | 1.4\% | 1.2\% | 1.3\% | 1.1\% | 1.3\% |

Condition Treatment Compliance is the percentage of the population diagnosed with high cholesterol and diabetes that received the recommended screening or test during the reporting period.

| Condition Prevalence (Top 3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Desired Level Red Denotes Area for Improvement |  | State Average |  |  | State Agency Average |  |  |
|  |  | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 |
| Hypertension | Employees | 20.1\% | 18.0\% | 17.8\% | 20.1\% | 18.0\% | 20.5\% |
|  | All Members | 12.8\% | 17.1\% | 11.0\% | 13.2\% | 11.2\% | 12.7\% |
| High Cholesterol | Employees | 16.2\% | 15.2\% | 15.0\% | 17.1\% | 15.7\% | 16.7\% |
|  | All Members | 10.2\% | 9.6\% | 9.5\% | 10.9\% | 9.8\% | 10.4\% |
| Diabetes | Employees | 13.8\% | 11.7\% | 11.6\% | 14.4\% | 11.9\% | 13.9\% |
|  | All Members | 8.8\% | 7.5\% | 7.5\% | 9.2\% | 7.6\% | 8.7\% |

More information about Statewide Benefits Office Facts and Figures:
https://dhr.Delaware.gov/benefits/facts-figures

## RESOURCES FOR FURTHER ANALYSIS

The Department of Human Resources provides HR professionals with access to the following tools on a regular basis so their agencies can manage their workforce more efficiently and effectively.

Department of Human Resources Website: https://dhr.Delaware.gov
The State of Delaware Department of Human Resources' (DHR) website is available to internal and external customers and provides information regarding statewide human resource programs, policies and procedures, as well as relevant human resources information for State agencies, employees, and job seekers.

Total Compensation Calculator: https://statejobs.Delaware.gov/total-comp-calc
Delaware Employment Link: https://statejobs.Delaware.gov
Statewide Benefits: https://dhr.Delaware.gov/benefits
Office of Women's Advancement and Advocacy: https://dhr.Delaware.gov/women
Office of Diversity and Inclusion: https://dhr.Delaware.gov/diversity
Talent Management: https://dhr.Delaware.gov/personnel
Training and Strategic Initiatives: https://dhr.Delaware.gov/training

PHRST: https://gss.omb.Delaware.gov/phrst
Payroll Human Resources Statewide Technology (PHRST) contains and houses data on state agency headcounts, terminations, and turnover rates. Data can be analyzed by a variety of variables, including individual and agency, job class, demographics, pay data, and turnover reason. Additionally, the system provides workforce termination, age, length of service, union membership, and salary data. Agencies can view data on-screen or produce selected reports to analyze workforce trends.
U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics: Employment Status of Civilian Noninstitutional Population, https://www.bls.gov/lau/table14full19.htm

## APPENDIX A - 2020 STATE EMPLOYEE'S PAY TABLE

### 37.5 Hour Pay Scale (Annual)

| PG | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \% \\ & \text { midpoint } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 100\% } \\ & \text { midpoint } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 120\% } \\ & \text { midpoint } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 001* | \$ | 18,503 | \$ | 21,913 | \$ | 26,296 |
| 002 | \$ | 18,756 | \$ | 23,445 | \$ | 28,134 |
| 003 | \$ | 20,074 | \$ | 25,092 | \$ | 30,110 |
| 004 | \$ | 21,474 | \$ | 26,843 | \$ | 32,212 |
| 005 | \$ | 22,981 | \$ | 28,726 | \$ | 34,471 |
| 006 | \$ | 24,590 | \$ | 30,737 | \$ | 36,884 |
| 007 | \$ | 26,309 | \$ | 32,886 | \$ | 39,463 |
| 008 | \$ | 28,149 | \$ | 35,186 | \$ | 42,223 |
| 009 | \$ | 30,123 | \$ | 37,654 | \$ | 45,185 |
| 010 | \$ | 32,231 | \$ | 40,289 | \$ | 48,347 |
| 011 | \$ | 34,484 | \$ | 43,105 | \$ | 51,726 |
| 012 | \$ | 36,899 | \$ | 46,124 | \$ | 55,349 |
| 013 | \$ | 39,484 | \$ | 49,355 | \$ | 59,226 |
| 014 | \$ | 42,242 | \$ | 52,803 | \$ | 63,364 |
| 015 | \$ | 45,202 | \$ | 56,503 | \$ | 67,804 |
| 016 | \$ | 48,371 | \$ | 60,464 | \$ | 72,557 |
| 017 | \$ | 51,755 | \$ | 64,694 | \$ | 77,633 |
| 018 | \$ | 55,375 | \$ | 69,219 | \$ | 83,063 |
| 019 | \$ | 59,252 | \$ | 74,065 | \$ | 88,878 |
| 020 | \$ | 63,404 | \$ | 79,255 | \$ | 95,106 |
| 021 | \$ | 67,840 | \$ | 84,800 | \$ | 101,760 |
| 022 | \$ | 72,588 | \$ | 90,735 | \$ | 108,882 |
| 023 | \$ | 77,672 | \$ | 97,090 | \$ | 116,508 |
| 024 | \$ | 83,171 | \$ | 103,889 | \$ | 124,667 |
| 025 | \$ | 88,926 | \$ | 111,158 | \$ | 133,390 |
| 026 | \$ | 95,150 | \$ | 118,937 | \$ | 142,724 |

40 Hour Pay Scale (Annual)
80\%
100\%

| midpoint | midpoint |  | midpoint |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $\$$ | 19,240 | $\$$ | 23,372 | $\$$ | 28,046 |
| $\$$ | 20,008 | $\$$ | 25,010 | $\$$ | 30,012 |
| $\$$ | 21,409 | $\$$ | 26,761 | $\$$ | 32,113 |
| $\$$ | 22,906 | $\$$ | 28,632 | $\$$ | 34,358 |
| $\$$ | 24,512 | $\$$ | 30,640 | $\$$ | 36,768 |
| $\$$ | 26,228 | $\$$ | 32,785 | $\$$ | 39,342 |
| $\$$ | 28,062 | $\$$ | 35,078 | $\$$ | 42,094 |
| $\$$ | 30,029 | $\$$ | 37,536 | $\$$ | 45,043 |
| $\$$ | 32,131 | $\$$ | 40,164 | $\$$ | 48,197 |
| $\$$ | 34,378 | $\$$ | 42,973 | $\$$ | 51,568 |
| $\$$ | 36,782 | $\$$ | 45,978 | $\$$ | 55,174 |
| $\$$ | 39,360 | $\$$ | 49,200 | $\$$ | 59,040 |
| $\$$ | 42,113 | $\$$ | 52,641 | $\$$ | 63,169 |
| $\$$ | 45,064 | $\$$ | 56,330 | $\$$ | 67,596 |
| $\$$ | 48,218 | $\$$ | 60,272 | $\$$ | 72,326 |
| $\$$ | 51,595 | $\$$ | 64,494 | $\$$ | 77,393 |
| $\$$ | 55,203 | $\$$ | 69,004 | $\$$ | 82,805 |
| $\$$ | 59,067 | $\$$ | 73,834 | $\$$ | 88,601 |
| $\$$ | 63,203 | $\$$ | 79,004 | $\$$ | 94,805 |
| $\$$ | 67,630 | $\$$ | 84,538 | $\$$ | 101,446 |
| $\$$ | 72,365 | $\$$ | 90,456 | $\$$ | 108,547 |
| $\$$ | 77,430 | $\$$ | 96,788 | $\$$ | 116,146 |
| $\$$ | 82,846 | $\$$ | 103,558 | $\$$ | 124,270 |
| $\$$ | 88,647 | $\$$ | 110,809 | $\$$ | 132,971 |
| $\$$ | 94,853 | $\$$ | 118,566 | $\$$ | 142,279 |
| $\$$ | 101,493 | $\$$ | 126,866 | $\$$ | 152,239 |

## APPENDIX B - GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Agency: any board, department, elected office or commission which receives an appropriation in accordance with 29 Del. C. Chapter 59.

Classification: a group of duties and responsibilities assigned or delegated by an appointing authority, requiring the services of an employee on a full-time basis or, in some cases, on a less than full-time basis.

Fiscal Year: the time period from July 1 to June 30.

Length of Service: length of employment by the State of Delaware in a Merit or Merit-comparable position(s) minus breaks in service.

Non-Merit: positions not in the state classified service by Delaware Code. Non-Merit employees are not covered by the State Merit Rule and may be considered Merit-Comparable, Merit-Exempt, or Casual Seasonal

Merit: all positions in the state classified service, except those which are specifically placed in the unclassified service by Delaware Code, as amended or other sections of the statutes. Employees considered Merit are covered by the State Merit Rules https://merb.Delaware.gov/state-merit-rules .

Pay Grade: one of the horizontal pay ranges designated on the pay plan consisting of a series of percentage of midpoint columns identifying specific values.

PHRST: Payroll Human Resource Statewide Technology system implemented in 1997.
State Employee: any person holding a position in the Merit or classified service defined by 29 Del. C § 5903.

