

August 26, 2024



Executive summary

- Trend assumptions for the remainder of 2024 and 2025 can reasonably range from 6% to 11%
- Assumed trend is the sum of assumed unit cost increase (i.e., healthcare inflation) and utilization changes
- Medical and Rx trend should be considered separately and applied to corresponding claims experience
- Unit price pressures are expected to be a greater driver of medical trend than overutilization of services
- Pharmacy trend should be set based on whether client covers GLP-1 drugs for weight loss (details can be found on the next slide)
- The split between non-specialty and specialty pharmacy should be considered when setting trends for budgets. While recent specialty claims have averaged over 50% of pharmacy plan cost, variation among clients may be significant

Healthcare Component	Lower End of Range	Upper End of Range		
Medical	6%	10%		
Pharmacy				
GLP-1s covered for weight loss	9.5%	12.5%		
GLP-1s not covered for weight loss	6.5%	9.5%		
Medical (75%) / P	harmacy (25%) Blend		
GLP-1s covered for weight loss	6.5%	11%		
GLP-1s not covered for weight loss	6%	10%		

Historical GHIP gross claims increases¹

	Active+Pre-65 Medical Gross Claims		Active+Pre-65	Rx Gross Claims	Medicfill Medica	al Gross Claims	Medicfill Rx Gross Claims	
Plan Year	Per Member Per Year	Annual Increase/ (Decrease)	Per Member Per Year	Annual Increase/ (Decrease)	Per Member Per Year	Annual Increase/ (Decrease)	Per Member Per Year	Annual Increase/ (Decrease)
FY17	\$5,101	-	\$1,334	-	\$1,901	-	\$4,295	-
FY18	\$5,081	0%	\$1,350	1%	\$1,896	0%	\$4,229	-2%
FY19	\$5,268	4%	\$1,468	9%	\$1,984	5%	\$4,624	9%
FY20	\$5,028	-5%	\$1,608	10%	\$1,900	-4%	\$5,108	10%
FY21	\$5,737	14%	\$1,672	4%	\$1,975	4%	\$5,111	0%
FY22	\$5,898	3%	\$1,708	2%	\$2,098	6%	\$5,309	4%
FY23	\$6,484	10%	\$1,967	15%	\$2,208	5%	\$6,044	14%
FY24 – Q3 Financials		5%		13%		13%		12%
FY24 Fund vs FY23 Fund		4%		16%		6%		11%
Average – Prior 4 Years		8%		9%		5%		7%
CURRENT ASSUMPTION		6%		9%		3%		9%
WTW RECOMMENDATION (FY25 through FY28)		8%		Separate trends by component		5%		Separate trends by component
Sub-Committee Recommendation to SEBC								

- Historical trends based on year-end financial reports for each fiscal year through FY23.
- FY24 YTD based on monthly Fund report claims data with non-Medicare pharmacy trend adjusted for PrudentRx implementation on 7/1/23.

* See appendix



^{1.} Source: WTW's Q4 quarterly financial reports for each fiscal year; FY24 YTD based on FY24 Q3 quarterly financial report, annualized

Pharmacy Trend – GLP-1 (Weight Loss – Commercial Plan Only)

	Commercial Plan - Weight Loss						
	Claims	Month-over-					
	Ciaiiiis		Spend	Month			
July	346	\$	411,119				
August	478	\$	603,563	47%			
September	499	\$	620,448	3%			
October	454	\$	610,802	-2%			
November	481	\$	640,392	5%			
December	509	\$	704,941	10%			
January	708	\$	1,042,167	48%			
February	773	\$	1,040,946	0%			
March	1,098	\$	1,514,006	45%			
April	1,413	\$	1,979,985	31%			
May	1,835	\$	2,428,241	23%			
June	1,992	\$	2,573,171	6%			
Total	10,586	\$	14,169,781	18%			
	Co		waial Dlam Mainl	4 L 222			
	Co	mme	ercial Plan - Weigl Projected	Month-over-			
	Claims		FY25	Month			
July	2,447	\$	3,123,754	21%			
August	2,814	\$	3,640,000	15%			
September	3,095	\$	4,000,000	10%			
October	3,250	\$	4,200,000	5%			

4,370,000

4,500,000

4,590,000

4,680,000

4,770,000

4,870,000

4,970,000

5,060,000

\$ 52,773,754

272%

4%

3%

2%

2%

2%

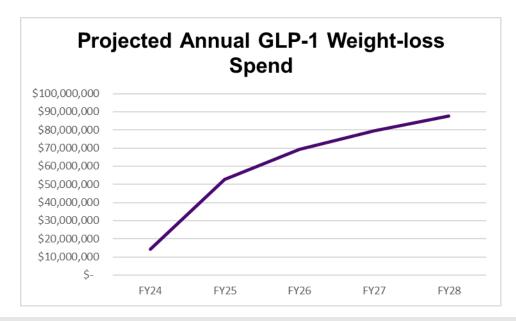
2%

2%

2%

4%





November

December

January

February

March

April

May

June

Total

3,380

3,482

3,551

3,622

3,695

3,769

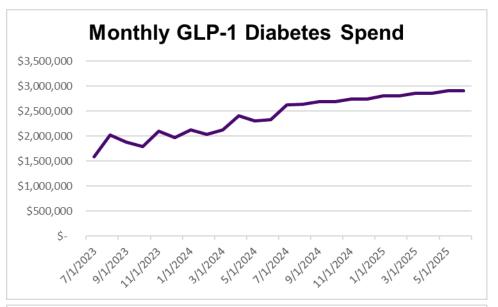
3,844

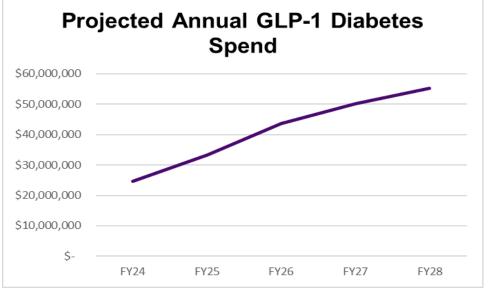
3,921

40,870

Pharmacy Trend – GLP-1 (Diabetes Treatment – Commercial Plan)

	Anti-Diabetes (Commercial Only)							
	Claims	F	Y24 Gross	Month-over-				
	Ciaiiiis		Spend	Month				
July	1,217	\$	1,591,307					
August	1,481	\$	2,023,210	27%				
September	1,385	\$	1,880,894	-7%				
October	1,356	\$	1,791,445	-5%				
November	1,480	\$	2,097,307	17%				
December	1,494	\$	1,965,558	-6%				
January	1,575	\$	2,129,814	8%				
February	1,509	\$	2,039,484	-4%				
March	1,539	\$	2,130,261	4%				
April	1,745	\$	2,409,972	13%				
May	1,775	\$	2,305,208	-4%				
June	1,761	\$	2,331,547	1%				
Total	18,317	\$	24,696,007	4%				
			4 = 0 /					
			45%					
	Ant	i_Dia		al Only)				
			betes (Commerci					
	Ant Claims			Month-over-				
July	Claims		betes (Commerci Projected FY25	Month-over- Month				
July August	Claims 1,991	\$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108	Month-over-				
August	Claims 1,991 1,991	\$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000	Month-over- Month 12%				
•	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031	\$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0%				
August September October	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031	\$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0%				
August September October November	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071	\$ \$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000 2,740,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0% 2%				
August September October November December	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071 2,071	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000 2,740,000 2,740,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0%				
August September October November December January	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071 2,071 2,113	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000 2,740,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0%				
August September October November December	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071 2,071	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000 2,740,000 2,740,000 2,800,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2%				
August September October November December January February	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071 2,071 2,113 2,113 2,155	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000 2,740,000 2,740,000 2,800,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 0%				
August September October November December January February March April	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071 2,071 2,113 2,113 2,155 2,155	******	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,740,000 2,740,000 2,800,000 2,800,000 2,850,000 2,850,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2%				
August September October November December January February March	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071 2,071 2,113 2,113 2,155	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000 2,740,000 2,740,000 2,800,000 2,800,000 2,850,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0%				
August September October November December January February March April May	Claims 1,991 1,991 2,031 2,031 2,071 2,071 2,113 2,113 2,115 2,155 2,198	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	betes (Commerci Projected FY25 2,621,108 2,640,000 2,690,000 2,690,000 2,740,000 2,740,000 2,800,000 2,800,000 2,850,000 2,850,000 2,910,000	Month-over- Month 12% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2% 0% 2%				



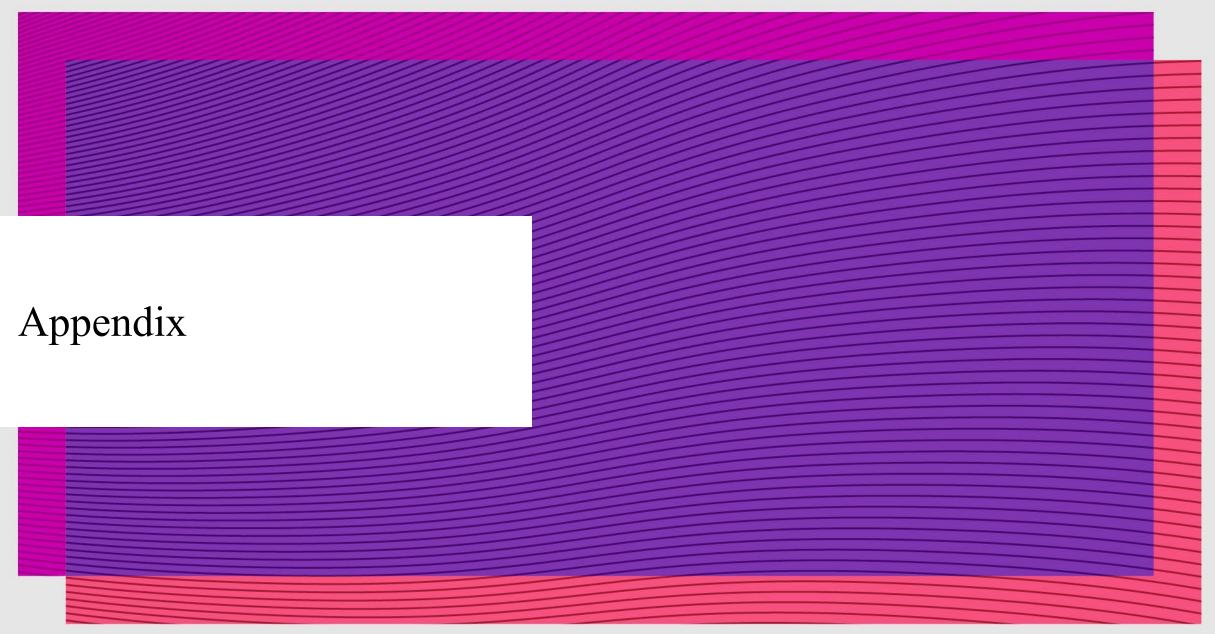




Pharmacy Trend – By Component

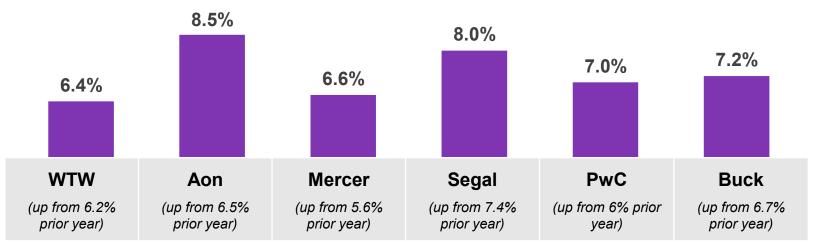
COMMERCIAL	FY23	FY24	Incr	FY25	Incr	FY26	Incr	FY27	Incr	FY28	Incr
Gross Spend before GLP-1's & PrudentRx	\$183.6	\$198.3	8%	\$216.1	9%	\$235.5	9%	\$256.7	9%	\$279.8	9%
GLP-1 - Weight Loss		\$14.2		\$52.8	272%	\$69.2	31%	\$79.6	15%	\$87.6	10%
GLP-1 - Diabetes	\$17.0	\$24.7	45%	\$33.2	34%	\$43.6	31%	\$50.1	15%	\$55.2	10%
PrudentRx Savings		(\$16.0)		(\$17.8)	11%	(\$19.8)	11%	(\$21.8)	10%	(\$23.8)	9%
Total Gross Spend before Rebates	\$200.6	\$221.2	10%	\$284.3	29%	\$328.5	16%	\$364.6	11%	\$398.8	9%
Rebates	(\$71.6)	(\$90.1)	26%	(\$112.1)	24%	(\$131.9)	18%	(\$146.8)	11%	(\$161.5)	10%
Net Spend after Rebates	\$129.0	\$131.1	2%	\$172.2	31%	\$196.6	14%	\$217.8	11%	\$237.3	9%

EGWP	FY23	FY24	Incr	FY25	Incr	FY26	Incr	FY27	Incr	FY28	Incr
Gross Spend before GLP-1's & PrudentRx	\$165.5	\$181.5	10%	\$197.8	9%	\$215.6	9%	\$235.0	9%	\$256.2	9%
GLP-1 - Weight Loss											
GLP-1 - Diabetes	\$14.9	\$19.3	30%	\$24.1	25%	\$28.9	20%	\$33.2	15%	\$36.5	10%
PrudentRx Savings											
Total Gross Spend before Rebates	\$180.4	\$200.8	11%	\$221.9	11%	\$244.5	10%	\$268.2	10%	\$292.7	9%
Rebates	(\$51.5)	(\$62.8)	22%	(\$72.3)	15%	(\$80.0)	11%	(\$88.0)	10%	(\$95.9)	9%
Net Spend after Rebates	\$128.9	\$138.0	7%	\$149.6	8%	\$164.5	10%	\$180.2	10%	\$196.8	9%



Trend outlook — Other sources for consideration

- WTW's 2023 Best Practices in Health Care Survey indicates a 6.5% expected trend for 2024 healthcare costs
- Similar to WTW, other consulting firms' trend forecasts project higher trend than last year
- Note that trend projections in these surveys are backward looking based on trend assumptions chosen for 2024 pricing projections and do
 not consider the prospective factors outlined in this document



WTW: https://www.wtwco.com/en-us/insights/2023/11/employers-remain-focused-on-controlling-healthcare-costs

Aon: https://aon.mediaroom.com/2023-08-22-Aon-U-S-Employer-Health-Care-Costs-Projected-to-Increase-8-5-Percent-Next-Year

Mercer: https://www.mercer.com/en-us/insights/us-health-news/health-benefit-cost-expected-to-rise-54-in-2024-mercer-survey/

Segal: https://www.segalco.com/consulting-insights/2024-health-plan-cost-trend-survey

PWC: https://www.pwc.com/us/en/industries/health-industries/library/assets/pwc-behind-the-numbers-2024.pdf

Buck: https://buck.com/press/buck-survey-shows-medical-costs-for-employer-sponsored-plans-in-2023-2024-have-yet-to-fully-adjust-for-inflation/

Long-term trend considerations for active medical/Rx trend

Impact on Trend	Factors
1	Physician/hospital supply shortage : Hospitals and physicians are expected to seek higher rate increases (potentially also at a higher frequency) in contract negotiations. Workforce shortages and physician consolidation can further amplify the effect. Further, provider "burnout" and increased patient demand are expected to keep the pressure up on clinical workforces across the industry.
1	Increasing cost of pharmaceuticals : Employers are experiencing inflationary pressure from the rising median price of new drugs, as well as the increasing price of existing drugs. Combined with the accelerated approvals of new cell and gene therapies, pharmacy trends are not expected to slow down in the next 3 to 5 years.
1	Utilization of GLP-1s for weight loss is expected to grow in the next 3 to 5 years given the positive efficacy data.
1	Medicare reimbursement challenges could potentially put pressure on commercial pricing.
	Reduced inflation: The general inflation is expected to decrease to historical level (~2%-3% annual) in the next 3-5 years.
į.	Biosimilars : The prices of biosimilars are, on average, more than 50% lower than the reference products at the time of biosimilar launch, driving significant savings.
1	Total cost of care management initiatives such as value-based care can help maintain year over year trend. Nationally, these programs generally demonstrated better cost management and subsequently achieved lower cost trends. As these programs continue to grow, they will have a deflator effect overall on medical cost trends.
1	Healthier population : Health equity efforts to improve population health and GLP-1 efficacy for weight loss in the long term can have a positive impact on medical cost trends.
↔	COVID-19 : Impacts of changes in federal and state policies and the need for vaccines, testing and treatment vary, with the net effect likely being neutral.
\leftrightarrow	Behavioral health : While utilization of behavioral health grew during the pandemic and continues to grow, its cost remains relatively lower than other medical costs. We expect that behavioral health utilization will stabilize in the next three to five years.

Client characteristics and expected impact on trend

Use Healthcare Trend Customization Modeler to reflect some of these attributes

Characteristic	Commentary
Historical Costs	Currently high-cost clients tend to trend at a lower annual rate
Plan Design	Richer plan values are generally associated with higher trend
Industry	Some industries have consistently lower trends; use FBS as a resource
Median Salary	If general inflation is higher, plans with higher-income participants will have higher trend
Waiver Rate	Higher waiver rates tend to increase trend as those waiving coverage are often lower utilizers
Dependent Mix	Spouses tend to have higher trend; children tend to have lower trend
Geography	Trend varies significantly by market; use Milliman Healthcare Trend Guidelines as a resource for historical data
Specialty Rx Usage/ Coverage	Greater Specialty drug usage tends to result in higher trend
Age	Older than average populations usually have higher trend
Enrollment Change	Rapidly increasing populations tend to trend at a lower rate

Healthcare Trend Customization Model

WTW can narrow trend range based on State of Delaware characteristics

- WTW's Healthcare Trend Customization model completed for GHIP active population using GHIP's 2023 Financial Benchmark Survey data
- · Modeling suggests trend falling on the lower end of range, primarily due to Delaware's rich plan designs
 - Richer plans and higher cost populations are correlated with lower expected trend
- Based on the GHIP's characteristics, we would expect trend to be towards the low end of the expected range for future trend

